

Critical Path to TB Drug Regimens
Global Collaboration for Accelerating Novel TB Regimen Development

Debra Hanna, Executive Director, Critical Path to TB Drug Regimens NOV 2017





Global New TB Drug Pipeline 1

Discovery	Preclinical Development			Clinical Development		
Lead Optimization	Early Stage Development	GLP Tox.	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	
Diarylquinolines Diarylthiazoles DprE Inhibitors	CPZEN-45* SATB082*	BTZ-043* GSK-070*	OPC- 167832*	Delpazolid (LCB01-0371)	Bedaquiline (TMC-207) Delamanid (OPC-67683)	
InhA Inhibitor	Spectinamide -	TBA-7371*	PBTZ169*	SQ-109*	Pretomanid (PA-824)	
Macrolides, Azaindoles Mycobacterial Gyrase Inhibitors	1810* SPR-720 (pVXc-486)*	TBAJ-587	Q203*	Sutezolid (PNU-100480)		
Ruthenium(II)Complexes Arylsulfonamides	TBI-166*					
Translocase-1 Inhibitors,	TBI-223					
Clp, MmpL3 Oxazolidinones, Pyrimidines DprE1,PKS13	TB-47*					
Squaramides						

Ongoing projects without a lead compound series identified can be viewed at http://www.newtbdrugs.org/pipeline/discovery



www.newtbdrugs.org

Updated: June 2017

^{*}New chemical class. Known chemical classes are color coded: fluoroquinolone, rifamycin, oxazolidinone, nitroimidazole, diarylquinoline, benzothiazinone, imidazopyridine amide.

¹New Molecular Entities not yet approved, being developed for TB or only conditionally approved for TB. Showing most advanced stage reported for each. Details for projects listed can be found at http://www.newtbdrugs.org/pipeline/clinical

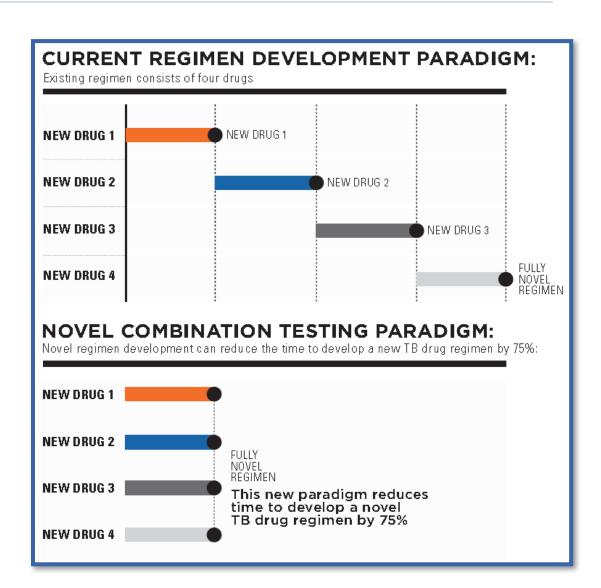
CPTR ROLE IN TB DRUG REGIMEN DEVELOPEMENT



Advance TB drug pipeline emphasizing combination study approaches informed by *translational science*

Define, based on evidence, best drug development tools to de-risk compounds and improve understanding of efficacy

Define, based on evidence, novel biomarkers to inform improved trial design and adaptivity



MISSON, FOCUS AREAS AND FUNDER



The Critical Path to TB Drug Regimens (CPTR) is a global, cross-sector initiative that aims to speed the development of a safer and shorter duration TB drug regimen

Four Critical Areas of Focus:

- Advance drug development tools and methodologies to support go/no-go decisions during each stage of research and development
- Acquire and curate supportive data through establishment of collaboration network to support new methods and tool validation
- Develop pathways for new TB treatment regimens that include drugs that are not yet individually approved
- Provide regulatory excellence in the development, validation, and advancement of these drug development tools and methodologies

BILL & MELINDA
GATES foundation



CPTR INITIATIVE MEMBERS AND PARTNERS









Academic Partners

Baylor Institute for Immunology Research

Case Western Reserve University TB Research Unit Radboud University

Colorado State University

Duke University

Forschungszentrum Borstel

Harvard University

Johns Hopkins University

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

Munich University

NYU

O'Neill Institute at Georgetown Law Center

RESIST-TB [Boston University]

Rutgers [University Of Medicine & Dentistry]

St. George's, University of London

Stanford University

Stellenbosch University

University of Florida

University of California, San Francisco

University College of London

University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences

University of Cape Town

University of Liverpool

University of St. Andrews

University of Virginia

University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio

University of Toronto

Uppsala University, Dept. of Pharmaceutical Biosciences

Vanderbilt University School of Medicine

GLOBAL, CROSS-SECTOR PARTNERSHIP

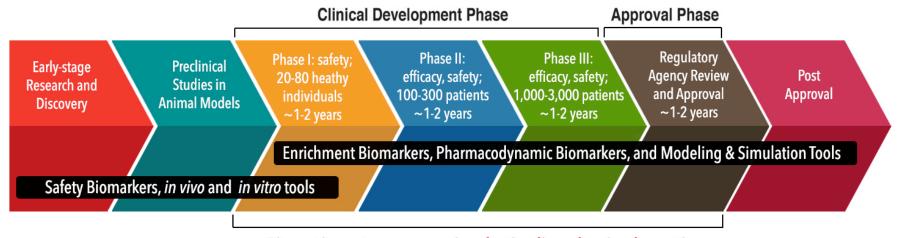




SHARED LEARNING CAN SHORTEN THE TIMELINE



- Data Sharing and Data Standardization
- ✓ Biomarker Development and Qualification
- ✓ Drug Development Tool Advancement and Qualification
- ✓ Development and Implementation of Modeling and Simulation Tools



Biggest impact on compressing the timeline when implementing all proposed initiatives

CDISC TB 2.0 THERAPEUTIC AREA USER GUIDE





Therapeutic Area Data Standards User Guide for Tuberculosis

Version 2.0 PROVISIONAL

Prepared by the CPTR DSI-WG and CFAST Tuberculosis Standards Team

Notes to Readers

- This is Version 2.0 of the Therapeutic Area Data Standards User Guide for Tuberculosis.

 This document is based on SDTM v1.4 and SDTMIG v3.2, but incorporates some modeling based on

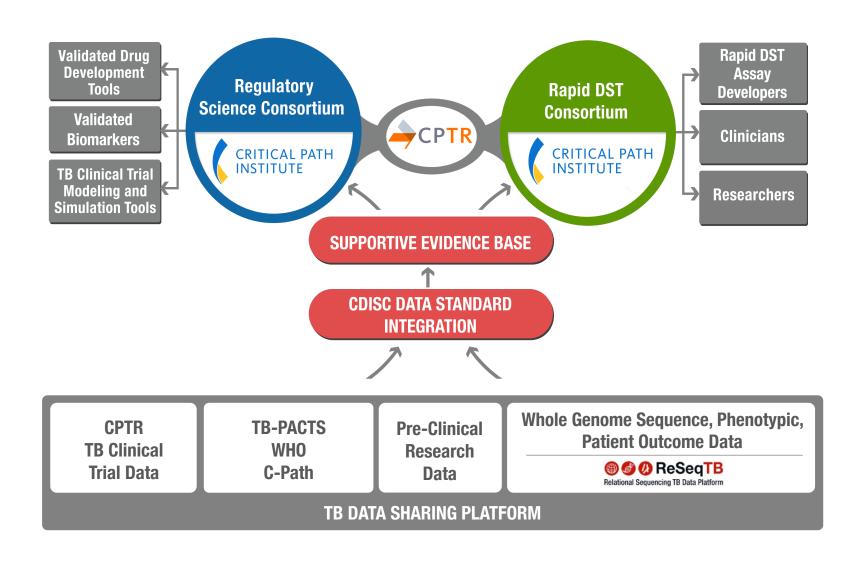
Revision History

	Version	Summary of Changes
		Second release for provisional use
	2.0 Draft	Draft for public review
2012-06-29	1.0 Provisional	First release for provisional use

© 2016 Clinical Data Interchange Standards Consortium, Inc. All rights reserved. See Appendix G for Representations and Warranties, Limitations of Liability, and Disclaimers.

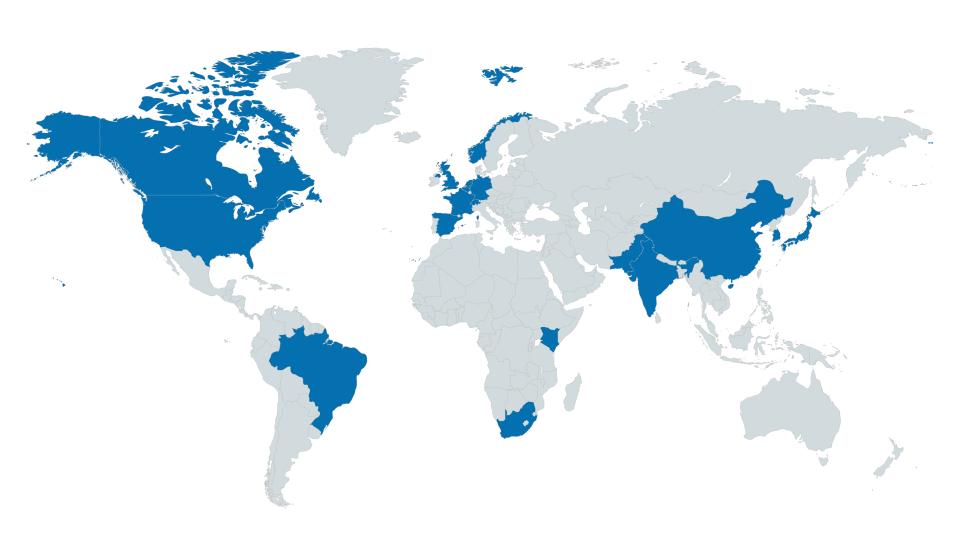
DATA COLLABORATION IS CRITICAL





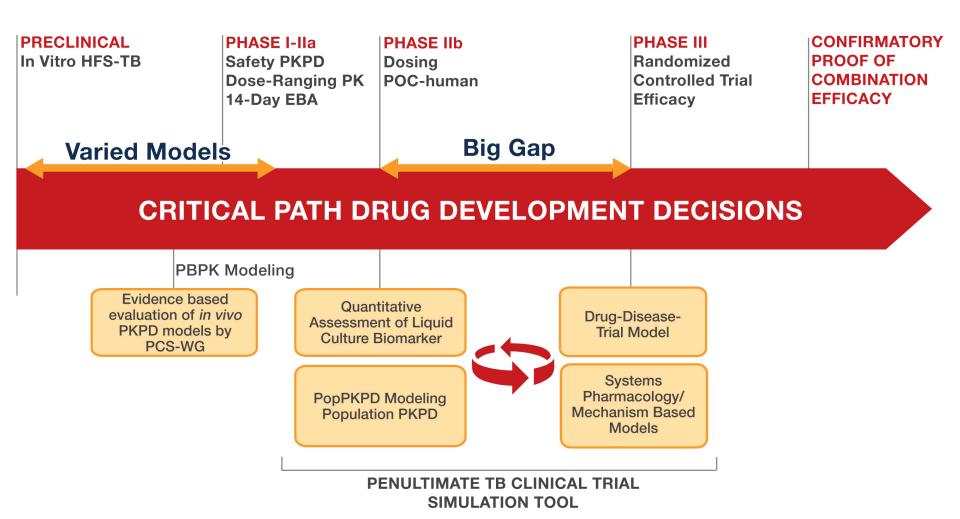
GLOBAL CPTR DATA CONTRIBUTIONS





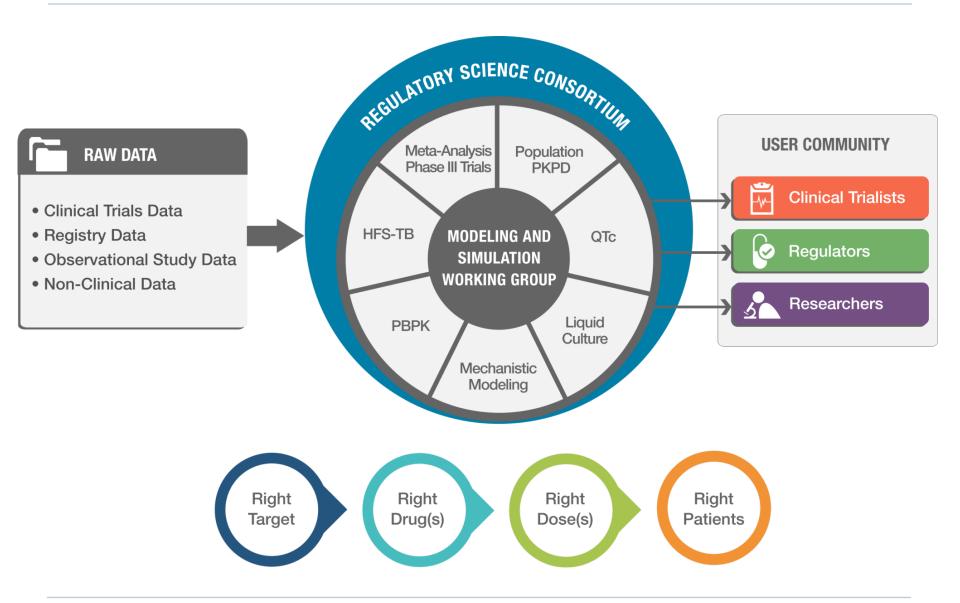
GAPS IN THE TB DRUG DEVELOPMENT PROCESS





CPTR MODELING AND SIMULATION PROGRAMS





REGULATORY & POLICY SUCCESSES











Hollow Fiber System Model

Physiologically Based Pharmacokinetic Model

LAM Biomarker

TB-ReFLECT

TB-PACTS

ReSeqTB

Qualified as a translational drug development tool

Submitted Letter of Intent and Briefing book for Scientific Advice Qualification

Pursue Innovation Task Force Meeting 1Q2018

Inserted into Draft Guidance on Drug Development for Pulmonary TB

Pursue Critical Path Innovation Meeting 1Q2018

Letter of Intent accepted into the biomarker qualification program

Inform programmatic decisions based on meta-analysis of Phase III clinical trials

Sponsored C-Path to aggregate and share TB clinical data

Implement as the global srv. platform for TB resistance

HOW WE WORK TOGETHER



Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

TB Team

Diagnostics

Integrated Development

Food and Drug Administration

and

European Medicines Agency

World Health Organization

Tuberculosis

Tropical Diseases

National Laboratory teams

Industry Leads R&D

TB Alliance and Foundation for Innovation Diagnostics

Product Development
Partners

CPTR MANAGEMENT AND WORKFLOW



